# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

DATE OF PREPARATION Nov 29, 2009

# SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBER TM5627 PRODUCT NAME SETFAST® Low VOC Acrylic Traffic Marking Paint, Lead Free Yellow MANUFACTURER'S NAME THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 Prospect Avenue N.W. Cleveland, OH 44115

Telephone Numbers and Websites

Product Information	www.sherwin-williams.com	
Regulatory Information	(216) 566-2902	
	www.paintdocs.com	
Medical Emergency	(216) 566-2917	
Transportation Emergency*	(800) 424-9300	
*for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident)		

# SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by Weight	CAS Number	Ingredient	Units	Vapor Pressure
0.4	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		-
		ACGIH TLV	100 PPM	7.1 mm
		ACGIH TLV	125 PPM STEL	
		OSHA PEL	100 PPM	
		OSHA PEL	125 PPM STEL	
2	1330-20-7	Xylene		
		ACGIH TLV	100 PPM	5.9 mm
		ACGIH TLV	150 PPM STEL	
		OSHA PEL	100 PPM	
		OSHA PEL	150 PPM STEL	
27	67-64-1	Acetone		
		ACGIH TLV	500 PPM	180 mm
		ACGIH TLV	750 PPM STEL	
		OSHA PEL	1000 PPM	
0.2	14808-60-7	Quartz		
		ACGIH TLV	0.025 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	
		OSHA PEL	0.1 mg/m3 as Resp. Dust	
37	471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate		
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	15 mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	
3	13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	· ·	
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	10 mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	

# SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **ROUTES OF EXPOSURE**

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.

EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

#### EYES: Irritation.

SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

**INHALATION:** Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

HMIS Codes		
Health	2*	
Flammability	3	
Reactivity	0	

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver, urinary and reproductive systems. SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

## None generally recognized.

## **CANCER INFORMATION**

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

# SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

SKIN: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.

- Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
- **INHALATION:** If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.
- **INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

# SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- FLASH POINT
   LEL
   UEL
   FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

   1 °F PMCC
   1.0
   12.8
   RED LABEL -- Extremely Flammable, Flash below 21 °F (-6 °C)

   EXTINGUISHING MEDIA
   Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

   UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS
   Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

   Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.
   File
  - During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

#### SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

# SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

• Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.

• Remove with inert absorbent.

## SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### STORAGE CATEGORY

DOL Storage Class IB

#### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Contents are EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE. Keep away from heat, sparks, and open flame. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite explosively.

During use and until all vapors are gone: Keep area ventilated - Do not smoke - Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters - Turn off stoves, electric tools and appliances, and any other sources of ignition.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

# SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

#### VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

## **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2. When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

### **PROTECTIVE GLOVES**

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

## EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

#### **OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

	U U	1368 g/l		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY BOILING POINT	132 - 292 °F	55 - 144 °C		
MELTING POINT VOLATILE VOLUME				
EVAPORATION RATE				
VAPOR DENSITY Heavier than air SOLUBILITY IN WATER N.A.				
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)				
0.62lb/gal 74g/l	Less Water and Fed	lerally Exempt Solvents		
0.33lb/gal 39g/l	Emitted VOC			

## SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY — Stable CONDITIONS TO AVOID None known. INCOMPATIBILITY None known. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

# SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Crystalline Silica (Quartz, Cristobalite) is listed by IARC and NTP. Long term exposure to high levels of silica dust, which can occur only when sanding or abrading the dry film, may cause lung damage (silicosis) and possibly cancer.

IARC's Monograph No. 93 reports there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental rats exposed to titanium dioxide but inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in humans and has assigned a Group 2B rating. In addition, the IARC summary concludes, "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium is bound to other materials, such as paint."

#### TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name				
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene				
	-	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		3500 mg/kg	
1330-20-7	Xylene				
	-	LC50 RAT	4HR	5000 ppm	
		LD50 RAT		4300 mg/kg	
67-64-1	Acetone				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		5800 mg/kg	
14808-60-7	Quartz				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	
471-34-1	Calcium Carbonate				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide				
		LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available	
		LD50 RAT		Not Available	

# **SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

## SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers.

Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

## **SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### US Ground (DOT)

1 Gallon and Less may be Classed as CONSUMER COMMODITY, ORM-D Larger Containers are Regulated as: UN1263, PAINT, 3, PG II, (ERG#128)

## DOT (Dept of Transportation) Hazardous Substances & Reportable Quantities

Acetone 5000 lb RQ

Xylenes (isomers and mixture) 100 lb RQ

Bulk Containers may be Shipped as (check reportable quantities):

# UN1263, PAINT, 3, PG II, (ERG#128)

Canada (TDG)

- UN1263, PAINT, CLASS 3, PG II, (ERG#128)
- IMO

UN1263, PAINT, CLASS 3, PG II, (-17 C c.c.), EmS F-E, S-E

# SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION

### SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.4	
1330-20-7	Xylene	2	

## **CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

# SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.